



## 2023 Key Facts & Figures

#### Savings

\$30,780

RRSP contribution<sup>1</sup>

\$6,500 TFSA contribution<sup>2</sup>

\$1,307/mo

Maximum CPP

if started at 65

retirement benefit

\$935/mo

if deferred to 70<sup>4</sup>

Maximum OAS pension

**Eligible dividends** 

15%

Tax credit<sup>6</sup>

# \$2,500

**RESP** contribution to maximize CESG<sup>3</sup>

\$1,855/mo

Maximum CPP retirement

Net income at which OAS

Non-eligible dividends

9%

Tax credit<sup>6</sup>

benefit if deferred to 70

\$81,761

pension becomes partially repayable<sup>5</sup>

15%

Gross up

#### Retirement

## \$836/mo

Maximum CPP retirement benefit if started at 60

### \$688/mo

Maximum OAS pension if started at 65<sup>4</sup>

#### Income

Other income\*

100%

Taxable

\* (salary/interest)

1 RRSP contribution limit is 18% of 2022's earned income to a maximum of \$30,780, plus RRSP contribution room carried forward from 2021.

38%

Gross up

2 TFSA cumulative contribution limit is \$88,000, plus previous years' withdrawals, less previous years' contributions. 3 Canada Education Savings Grant (CESG) of 20% awarded on RESP contributions up to annual limit of \$500. The lifetime RESP contribution limit per beneficiary is \$50,000, and CESG per beneficiary is \$7,200.

4 The OAS pension automatically increases by 10% for seniors aged 75 and over.

**Capital gains** 

Inclusion rate

50%

5 OAS pension benefits are subject to a tax of 15% on every dollar of net income in excess of the 2022 net income threshold of \$81,761. The pension is fully repayable when net income exceeds \$134,626.

### 2023 Federal Tax Credits

The federal tax credit rate is 15% unless otherwise stated

| Federal Tax Credit                 | Amount                                   | Tax Savings        |
|------------------------------------|--|--------------------|
| Basic/Spouse/ Partner <sup>7</sup> | \$15,000                                 | \$2,250            |
| Age (65+) <sup>8</sup>             | \$8,396                                  | \$1,259            |
| Disability                         | \$9,428                                  | \$1,414            |
| Pension income                     | \$2,000                                  | \$300 <sup>9</sup> |
| Medical expenses                   | Lesser of 3% of<br>net income or \$2,635 | \$395              |
| Charitable Donations <sup>10</sup> | Donations $\leq$ \$200 15% <sup>10</sup> | \$30               |
| _                                  | Donations > \$200 29%                    |                    |
|                                    | Donations > \$200 33%                    |                    |
|                                    |  |                    |

#### 2023 Lifetime Capital Gain Exemption (LCGE)

| Qualifying Property                                | LCGE        | Deduction Limit |
|--|-------------|-----------------|
| Qualified small business corporation shares (QSBC) | \$971,190   | \$485,595       |
| Qualified farm or fishing property (QFFP)          | \$1,000,000 | \$500,000       |

6 Federal gross-up and dividend tax credit. Tax credit is assessed on the grossed-up dividend amount.

7 \$15,000 is the Base Personal Amount for taxpayers with net income of up to \$165,430. At net income above \$165,430, the basic personal amount is gradually clawed back to \$13,521.

8 Seniors aged 65, or older, can claim the age credit. If net income is between \$42,335 and \$98,305 a partial claim can be made. If net income is in excess of \$98,305, no claim can be made.

9 The full pension income amount of \$300 may be claimed on the first \$2,000 of eligible pension income received. 10 Donation tax credit may be claimed up to 75% of net income, or 100% of net income in the year of death or the year preceding death.





### 2023 Combined Ontario/Federal Tax Brackets And Rates

#### 2023 Marginal Tax Rates

|                       | Other Income<br>(salary/interest) | Capital Gains | Canadian | Dividends    |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|----------|--------------|
| 2023 Taxable Income   |                                   |               | Eligible | Non-Eligible |
| first \$50,877        | 25.00%                            | 12.50%        | 2.57%    | 15.86%       |
| \$50,878 - \$53,359   | 30.50%                            | 15.25%        | 10.16%   | 22.18%       |
| \$53,360 - \$101,754  | 36.00%                            | 18.00%        | 17.75%   | 28.51%       |
| \$101,755 - \$106,717 | 38.00%                            | 19.00%        | 20.51%   | 30.81%       |
| \$106,718 - \$165,429 | 41.32%                            | 20.66%        | 25.09%   | 34.63%       |
| \$165,430 - \$235,675 | 42.32%                            | 21.16%        | 26.47%   | 35.78%       |
| \$235,676 and over    | 43.32%                            | 21.66%        | 27.85%   | 36.93%       |
|                       |                                   |               |          |              |

#### **Basic Personal Amount**

|         | 2023 Personal Amount | 2023 Tax Rate |
|---------|----------------------|---------------|
| Nunavut | \$17,925             | 4.00%         |
| Federal | \$15,000             | 15.00%        |

11 A negative tax rate on eligible dividends is possible at this (and lower) brackets and denotes that the combined federal and provincial dividend tax credit (DTC) exceeds the taxes owing. The DTC is a non-refundable tax credit.

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#### Average vs Marginal Tax Rates (Combined Nunavut/Federal)

| Other Income (salary/interest) | Average Tax Rate | Marginal Tax Rate |
|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| \$50,000                       | 13.10%           | 19.00%            |
| \$100,000                      | 20.10%           | 27.50%            |
| \$150,000                      | 24.80%           | 35.00%            |
| \$200,000                      | 28.30%           | 40.80%            |
| \$250,000                      | 31.00%           | 44.50%            |

**Average (effective) tax rate:** The actual tax paid as a percentage of taxable income. **Marginal tax rate:** The tax rate applied on an additional \$1 of income.

#### Nunavut Probate Fees

| Value of the Estate   | Probate Fees |
|-----------------------|--------------|
| <\$50,000             | \$25         |
| \$10,001 - \$25,000   | \$100        |
| \$25,001 - \$125,000  | \$200        |
| \$125,001 - \$250,000 | \$300        |
| >\$250,001            | \$400        |

#### 2023 Tax Dates

| Personal tax instalments due         | March 15, 2023     | June 15, 2023     |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
|                                      | September 15, 2023 | December 15, 2023 |
| Individual tax filing deadline       |                    | May 1, 2023       |
| Self-employed tax filing deadline    |                    | June 15, 2023     |
| Interest on prescribed rate loan due |                    | January 30, 2024  |
| 2023 RRSP contribution deadline      |                    | February 29, 2024 |